Managing for Development Results at the Inter-American Development Bank



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Guiding Ideas of Results Management at IDB

- Combines two approaches
 - Bottom-up: Measuring results of each intervention at different points in the cycle
 - Top-down: Developing a corporate level results-framework and results-based budget
- Design and implement a tool to manage information at supervisory levels (VPs, Managers, Division Chiefs)
 - Dashboard
- Aligns corporate reports with management processes
 - Matrix Management meetings
 - Senior Management Committees Quarterly Business Reviews (QBR)
 - Monitoring budget execution
- Develop reports for accountability and learning
 - Annual Business Review
 - Development Effectiveness Overview



Bottom up: Instruments to Measure Results of Interventions at the project and country level

- Development Effectiveness Matrix @ entry
 - Rates the evaluability of an intervention at entry (threshold of 5 for all SG and NSG projects).
 - Criteria based on the good practice standards for evaluating development programs of the MDB Evaluation Cooperation Group
 - Checklist methodology
- Progress Monitoring Report (PMR)
 - Monitors project results (inputs, outputs and outcomes), time and cost of the products achieved
- Expanded Progress Monitoring Report (XPMR)
 - Time and costs of the products achieved as of the last PMR
 - Results, evaluation methods, new calculation of return/cost-effectiveness and risk rates.
- Impact Evaluations
 - 27 percent of projects approved in 2010 have a rigorous evaluation designs



Development Effectiveness Matrix (DEM) Sovereign Guaranteed Operations

Strategic Alignment IDB Strategic Development Objectives

Strategic direction: priorities, regional development goals and outputs (RF)

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Country Strategy Development Objectives

Alignment of project results to Country Strategy and Country Program

Program Logic

Program diagnosis, lessons learned and socioeconomic rationale

Economic Performance

Economic rate of return (ERR) and cost effectiveness analysis

Evaluation and Monitoring

Does the project have methodologies and metrics for monitoring and evaluating change?

Risk Management

Assessment of the severity of the risks identified for the project

Additionality

Evaluability

EVALUABILITY INDEX

Additionality

Use of country systems, IDB involvement provides additional improvements in labor, gender, identified knowledge gaps.



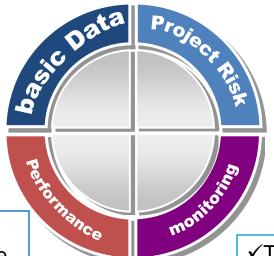
Development Effectiveness Matrix										
Summary										
I. Strategic Alignment										
1. IDB Strategic Development Objectives		Aligned								
Lending Program	The intervention contributes to the lending program for poverty reduction and equity enhancement, climate change initiatives, renewable energy and environmental sustainability, and regional cooperation and integration.									
Regional Development Goals	The intervention contributes to improving the incidence of waterborne diseases, paved road coverage, and percent of households with electricity.									
Bank Output Contribution (as defined in Results Framework of IDB-9)	The intervention contributes to Bank output: households with new or upgraded water supply, households with new or upgraded sanitary connections, km of inter-urban roads built or maintained, and km of electricity transmission lines installed or upgraded.									
2. Country Strategy Development Objectives			Aligned							
Country Strategy Results Matrix	GN-2595-1	Improve design and efficiency of social protection programs for the poorest. Improve coverage and management of water and sanitation services.								
Country Program Results Matrix	Not Available	The project is Included in 2011	Country Program Document.							
Relevance of this project to country development challenges (If not aligned to country strategy or country program)										
II. Development Outcomes - Evaluability	Highly Evaluable	Weight	Maximum Score							
	8.8		10							
3. Evidence-based Assessment & Solution	8.1	25%	10							
4. Ex ante Economic Analysis	10.0	25%	10							
5. Monitoring and Evaluation	9.6	25%	10							
6. Risks & Mitigation Monitoring Matrix	7.5	25%	10							
Overall risks rate = magnitude of risks*likelihood		Not Available								
Environmental & social risk classification		C								
III. IDB's Role - Additionality										
The project relies on the use of country systems (VPC/PDP criteria)	yes	Financial Management: Accounting and Reporting (Catálogo de Cuentas Nacional –SIICOP), External Control (Auditoría Externa designada por la SFP) and Internal Audit (Órgano de Control Interno -OIC). Procurement: Information Systems (Compranet), Shopping Method (Invitación cuando menos a tres o método similares).								
The project uses another country system different from the ones above for implementing the program	yes	Monitoring and Evaluation. The	monitoring is done by the SIIPSO system.							
The IDB's involvement promotes improvements of the intended beneficiaries and/or public sector entity in the following dimensions:										
Gender Equality	1									
Labor Environment		Municipal management capacity is strengthened beyond the projects funded under the program, including management of environmental issues in municipal urban development plans.								
Additional (to project preparation) technical assistance was provided to the public sector entity prior to approval to increase the likelihood of success of the project	yes		ent capacity for the undersecretary for urban development program and the Bank's involvement has improved internal program monitoring.							
The ex-post impact evaluation of the project will produce evidence to close knowledge gaps in the sector that were identified in the project document and/or in the evaluation plan.	yes	The impact evaluation is the first experimental evaluation of neighborhood improvement projects, and includes a qualitative component which completes the study. Thus, the evaluation contributes to strengthening the national evaluation system and to close knowlede gaps on how to address urban poverty.								



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Progress Monitoring Report (PMR)

- ✓ Title
- ✓ Project number
- ✓ Loan number
- √ Type of instrument
- ✓ Executing agency
- ✓ Sector
- ✓ Related operations



- ✓ Identify risks, their magnitude and likelihood of occurence
- ✓ Monitor implementation of mitigation measures

- ✓ Earned Valué Management
- ✓ Measure and monitor variance in costs, time and results
- ✓ Provide practical sumarized information through the Performance Index (PI)

- √ Track outputs, rather than inputs
- ✓ Identifying issues as they arise
- ✓ Provide actionable ways to address them



PMR: Impact contribution and outcomes

Objetivo del Proyecto: Ampliar la cobertura de servicios sostenibles de agua y saneamiento en las áreas rurales Impactos						Año inicio del Proyecto Año Fin del Proyecto			
Impactos					Supu	estos	Observaciones		
☐ Salud de la poblacón mejorada					a la		a		
Indicador			Unidad de Medida	Línea d	e Base	Año Línea de Base	Fin de Proyecto (2014)		
Incidencia de enfermedades transmitidas por el agua Casos					0,00	2010	p 0,00		
Objetivo del Proyecto	Ampliar la cobertura de servicios sostenibles de agua y saneamiento en las áre	eas rurales			į		nicio del Proyecto: Fin del Proyecto:	2007	
Resultados					Supu	estos	Observaciones		
☐ Calidad de vida de los beneficiarios mejorada					The state of th		₽		
Indicador		Unidad de Medida	Línea de Base	Año Línea de Base		201	Fin de 4 Proyecto (2014)		
Hogares con si	ministro de agua mejorado	Hogar	0,00	2010	P A		0,00		
Hogares con si	ministro de agua nuevo	Hogar	0,00	2010	P A		0,00		
Hogares con co	nexiones sanitarias mejoradas	Hogar	0,00	2010	P A		0,00		
Hogares con co	nexiones sanitarias nuevas	Hogar	0,00	2010	P A		0,00		
☐ Sostenibilidad del servicio de agua potable y alcantarillado mejorada					1	l,	E ₄		
Indicador		Unidad de Medida	Línea de Base	Año Línea de Base		201	Fin de 4 Proyecto (2014)		
Empresas con	equilibrio financiero	Empresas	0,00	2010	P		34,00		



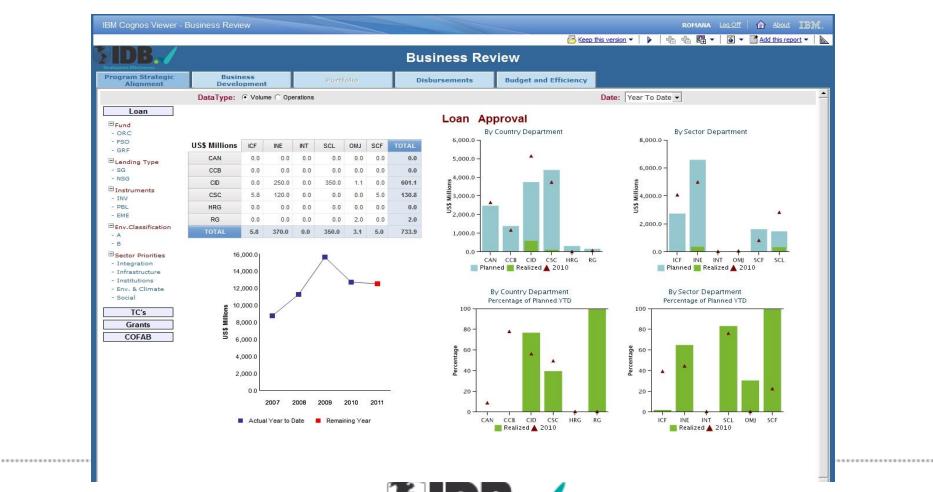
Results-Based Budget

- New methodology started implementation for the 2011 budget
- Resource allocation based on outputs (products to be delivered).
- It will allow for the estimation of effort needed to achieve specific products in terms of human and administrative resources needed (activity-based costing).
- It will provide Management and the Board with information on the flow of resources to the IDB-9 priority areas.
- As use of the methodology progresses, the Bank will be able to plan and allocate resources more effectively
- Nest step is to evaluate the costs associated with certain standardized quality attributes of Bank products.



Develop a tool for results management – Dashboard

 Link corporate strategy with goals and metrics at the unit level. With one set of performance metrics, reporting and a single-source of information to improve transparency and communication within the organization.



Challenges

- Improve planning and objective setting in the matrix structure
 - ✓ Improve collaboration and coordination
 - ✓ Align workload to resource allocation in the planning exercise
- Allocate resources more effectively
 - ✓ Improve reporting of time used and input costs incurred for any given product
 - ✓ Link unit products to results at the corporate level
- Link performance evaluations to results
 - ✓ The performance evaluation of units and individuals needs to reflect their contribution to corporate results
- Improve the transparency and timeliness of information
 - ✓ Improve information system integration and analytical capacity





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